

Fig. 2. Typical MOSS Transmitter Block Diagram,

Channel n dota: dn

Channel n Walsh sequence: Wn

Composite channel - n modulation: dn Wn

(XOR = binary multiplication)

Total OFOM channels: N = 2m

Total Walsh set (length) L, where L=22

Total groups: $\frac{N}{L} = \frac{2^m}{2^k} = 2^{m-l}$

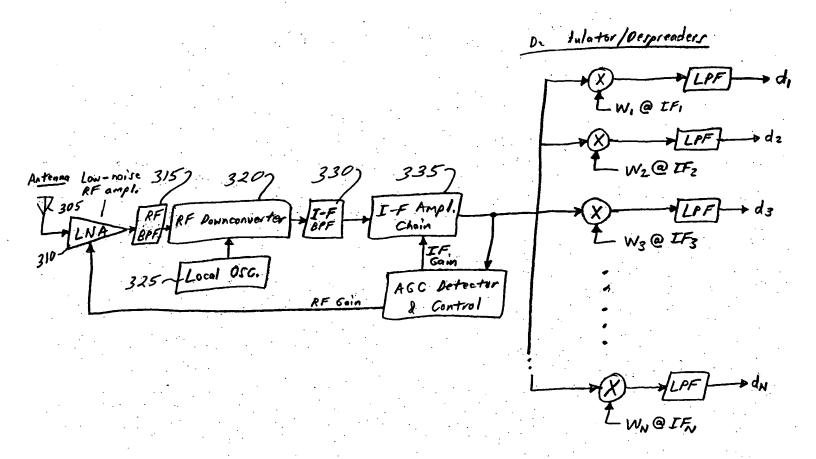


Fig. 3. Typical MOSS Receiver Block Diogram.

I-f channels IF, IFz, ... IFN generated by synthesizer or implemented in OSP,

W, Wz, ..., WN are Walsh codes 1-N.

"W, @ IF," represents Walsh code #1 modulated

onto IF channel 1 local carrier,

